



## DEPARTMENT OF NURSING EDUCATION MEDICATION ADMINISTRATION STUDY GUIDE

*This study guide is provided to you by the Nursing Education Department. The Nursing Department at Boston Medical Center requires successful completion of a medication administration test by all nurses beginning employment at BMC. Good luck.*

### **“5 Rights of Medication Administration”**

Right time

Right Patient

Right drug

Right dose

Right route

### **Metric equivalents:**

1 Kg = 2.2 Lbs

1 inch = 2.54 Cm

1 kilogram = 1000 Gms

1 gram = 1000 Mg

1 Mg = 1000 Micrograms

1 liter = 1000 Mls

### **Calculation Method:**

$$\frac{H}{V} = \frac{D}{X}$$

$$V \quad X$$

H: The dosage on hand or in the container

V: The vehicle or the form which the drug comes (tab, capsule or liquid)

D: The desired dose

X: The unknown amount to be given

Cross multiply and solve for X

## SAMPLE PROBLEMS

1. Patient ordered to receive 75 Mg of Lopressor. Available are 50 Mg tablets. What should be administered?

$$\frac{50 \text{ Mg}}{1 \text{ tab}} = \frac{75 \text{ MG}}{X} \quad \text{cross multiply}$$

$$75 (1) = 50 X$$

$$X = 1.5 \text{ tabs}$$

2. Patient ordered to receive a 5500 unit Heparin Bolus. Available are Vials of Heparin 10,000 units/ 10ccs. How many mls should be administered?

$$\frac{10,000 \text{ units}}{10 \text{ mls}} = \frac{5,500 \text{ units}}{X}$$

$$5500 (10) = 10000 X$$

$$X = 5.5 \text{ mls}$$

3. A 220 Lb patient is ordered to receive a Heparin bolus of 80 units/ Kg. How much Heparin should be given?

Convert pound to Kilos:  $\frac{2.2 \text{ Lbs}}{1 \text{ Kg}} = \frac{220 \text{ Lbs}}{X}$

$$220 (1) = 2.2 X$$

$$X = 100 \text{ Kg}$$

Multiply 80 units times weight in Kilos:  $80 (100) = 8000 \text{ units}$

4. An IV infusion of 1000 mls is ordered to run over 24 hours. What is the hourly infusion rate?

Divide the amount ordered to infusion by the time:

$$\frac{1000}{24} = 41.6 \text{ or } 42\text{ml/hour} *$$

\*Round decimals > .5 up to next whole number.

5. Patient is ordered to receive 300 mg. of Dilantin every day. Available are Dilantin 100mg capsules. What will you administer?

$$\frac{100 \text{ mg}}{1 \text{ cap}} = \frac{300 \text{ mg}}{X}$$

$$300 (1) = 100 X$$

$$X = 3 \text{ capsules}$$

**In addition to reviewing calculations, please review general principles for safe administration of medications, including insulin and pain medications. Please be familiar with drug categories of common medications. Thank you.**

## Practice Problems

1. Patient is ordered to receive 60 Mg. of oral Cardiazem. Available are 30 MG. tablets. What do you administer?
2. A patient is ordered to receive 7.5 Mg. of IV Lopressor. Available is 5 Mg. in 5 Ml vials. What would you draw up to administer?
3. An IV bolus of 500 mls of normal saline is ordered to run over 4 hours. What rate should be set to run on the infusion pump?
4. How many pounds is an 80 Kg. Patient?
5. A patient is ordered to receive 5 Mg of Morphine. Available are vials of Morphine 10 Mg in 1 ml. What do you give the patient?

Match the drug name with the drug category.

- |              |       |                                    |
|--------------|-------|------------------------------------|
| 6. Motrin    | _____ | A. Antihistamine                   |
| 7. Keflex    | _____ | B. Antidepressant                  |
| 8. Prozac    | _____ | C. Antibiotic                      |
| 9. Benadryl  | _____ | D. Beta-blocker                    |
| 10. Atenolol | _____ | E. non-steroidal anti-inflammatory |

## ANSWER KEY

1. 2 tabs
2. 7.5 mls
3. 125 ml/hr
4. 176 lbs
5. .5 ml
6. E
7. C
8. B
9. A
- 10.D

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